

NS IN THIS V  
II. comprise:

1215 WALKER'S  
 MONEY MAIL (complete)  
 J. W. Ridley  
 per Pass  
 and Steel Works  
 -machines, exhibited at the Paris Exhibition.  
 -sawing Mechanical Appliances.  
 MONEY MAIL NOW PUBLISHING.

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**Public Notices.**  
**EREME COURT OF NEW SOUTH  
 WALES.**  
 In Insolvency.  
 STATE OF CHARLES HAMEILL, of Newcastle,  
 New South Wales, Return in  
 and desires that the above-named insolvent be  
 named the Chief Commissioner of Insolvent  
 Estates, Return, King-street, Sydney,  
 on the day of October instant at, eleven o'clock in  
 the forenoon.

tion thereafter as soon as can be heard, that the said Charles Han sen, may be released from the grounds appearing in and by the Invent and ALBERT C. CLAFMAN filed herein. 17th of October, A.D. 1878.

ARCHIBALD AS. EDOWN,  
Solicitor for Insolvent.

**REME COURT OF NEW SOUTH WALES.**

In Equity.

Under the Companies' Act and of the Mutual Supply of New South Wales (Limited).

Given, that a Petition for the Winding-up of Company by the Supreme Court in Equity was

to his Honor the Pititary Judge in Equity,  
of the county of New South  
of the above mentioned company, and that  
directed to be heard before his Honor the  
on, TUESDAY, the fifth day of November,  
editor or contributory of said company  
the making of an order for the winding-up of  
under the above Act, should appear at the time  
for his counsel for that purpose, and if he  
be furnished to any creditor or contributory  
requiring the same by the undersigned on pay-  
ment in charge for the same.

15th of September, A.D. 1878.

J. H. B. Solicitor for the Petitioner, 130, Pitt-

reby given that by indenture of release  
-, bearing date the first day of October, one  
- and seventy-eight, made between ROBERT  
- of North Shore, in the colony of New South  
- of the first part; ARTHUR WILLIAM  
- in the colony aforesaid, Tobaccosmith; and  
- LLB, of Sydney aforesaid, Ship Chandler,  
- upon the third men joined and thereunto  
- the second part; and the several persons,  
- porate, creditors of the said Boulton Mole  
- in this schedule to the said indenture, with  
- them respectively, of the third part: all the  
- and cetera whatsoever, and whatsoever,  
- JOHN McNEIL, CLERK.

said Trustees, their heirs, executors, administrators, according to the nature and quality of the position trust for the benefit of all the creditors of aforesaid. And notice is hereby further given, that the said Trustees, their heirs, executors, administrators, duly authorized by the said Boston Mortgage Trust, and duly attested, as by law required, at the office of Messrs. ALLEN, BOWDEN, TORS, No. 24, Elizabeth-street, Sydney, for tion.

24th of October, A.D. 1878.

**D. MOLINELAND.**  
A. W. SUTTON.  
JOHN BROWNFIELD.

Witness, Messrs. MOSES, J. P.

**DEER THE TRUST PROPERTY**  
 Will and Codell of DAVID FRANCIS  
 street, in the City of Sydney, in the Colony of  
 New South Wales, 26 Victoria, Number 12  
 "an Act to Amend the Law of Property and  
 Trusts;" NOTICE is hereby given that all  
 persons having any claims upon or affecting  
 the deceased David Francis Nash, deceased, who  
 died twenty-fifth day of February, one thousand  
 eight hundred and eighty-eight, and Probate of whose Will was  
 granted by the Supreme Court of New South  
 Wales, on the twenty-fifth day of March, one thousand eight hundred  
 and eighty-eight, and the said David Francis Nash, deceased, was  
 at the time of his death, in CHARLES HEDDERLEY

Gardeman, the sole Executor named in said Will of the said David Francis Nash, required to send in particulars of their claims on or before the sixth day of December next, wherein time the said Executor will receive one of the said deceased among the persons having regard to the claims only of which he had notice; and the said Executor will not be bound whose claim he shall not have had notice of.

This day of October, A.D., 1878.  
HENRI HOLDEN, Proctor for the said Charles Froster, Sydney.

NATIONAL EXHIBITION

**SUBSCRIPTION LIST.**

1879.

Certified	...	...	...	\$5000 11 c
...	...	...	...	10 0 0
...	...	...	...	\$5100 11 0

The late Mrs. TOWNS, the Widow of the  
Towns, deceased.—All persons having CLAIMS  
TOWNS, are requested to forward the same,  
thereof, addressed to the care of  
**WILLIAM BARRETT,**

**OTHER PRODUCE.**—Liberal cash  
made by the undersigned on wool and other pro-  
ducts for sale in the colonies for shipment to  
Croz, and Co., their London firm. Advances  
on stock. Station stores supplied.

**DALGETY, BLACKWOOD, and CO.**  
—Buildings, Pitt-street (next Messrs. W.  
Sydney.

**OFFICE.**—**MR. G. BISHOP** (late with  
Messrs. Park-street), is duly authorized to receive  
transact business on our account.

**JO. FLETCHER and SON,**

Ironmongers and Ironfounders,  
Oxford-street;  
Foundry, Waverley.

**CAUTION** the public against giving  
account to my WIFE, or any other person  
authority. I will not be answerable for the

CHAS. P. BALMER, Newbern Road.

**NT IN GAS STOVES.**—The inventor  
at the stores of the undersigned, between 3  
afternoon, to explain the advantages of his  
5 COOKING STOVES, and how to use them

F. LASSETTER and CO. (Limited),  
421, George-street, Sydney.  
Dr. F. HILLET, Surgeon and Homoeo-  
path, has REMOVED to No. 1, Hyde Par-  
ade, 8 a.m. to 4 p.m.  
THE STEAM FERRY COMPANY  
Notice is hereby given that the TRANSFER  
Company will be CLOSED from the 16th to  
18th of December.  
Board of Directors,  
THOMAS FIELD, Secretary,  
undersigned will make liberal advance

my thanks to Messrs. G. KNIGHT and other employees of Locomotive Department, around Lake, in collecting the sum of \$22.15, in honor of Massie Lodge, of Fumeth, for the relief of myself and family.

AMELIA BELY.

THEE OF THE CALICO BALL DESIRE TO  
TUNE AND PEGGIE, Cordial Manufacturers,  
of Soda Water and Lemonade.

THE PATENT MEAL.—The

we have made the last three years can now be  
principal grocers, wholesale from  
J. REDGATE and SON, Sydney.  
eral firms at present offering an article  
died, with the assurance it is of similar  
e by us. They are only imitations of our  
J. REDGATE and SON.  

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**Municipal Elections.**  

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**H OF THE GLEBE.**  

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OF ALDERMAN FOR FOREST LODGE  
WARD.  
Members were duly nominated to fill the office  
of George Wood Tate, resigned:—  
S. LUCAS, Pyrmont Bridge Road,  
Glebe Road.  
TATE withdrew from the contest.  
and will take place on MONDAY, the  
a.m. till 5 p.m., in Lodge-avenue, opposite  
J. H. SEAMER.

GLEBE, 16th October, 1914.  
 OF DARLINGTON.  
 EXTRAORDINARY VACANCY.  
 Selection of an ALDERMAN in place of Mr.  
 [illegible] at the Council-chamber, Rose-street,  
 on 11th instant, between the hours of 8 and 9  
 HENRY HARGREAVES,  
 Mayor and Returning Officer.  
 OF THE GLEBE.

**FOREST LODGE WARD.**  
The friends and supporters of F. C. LUCAS, Mr. Tucker's Old Forest Lodge Hotel, THIS at 8 o'clock, to form a committee to secure man. All interested please attend.  
L. H. FLUDDEN, Sec. pro. tem.



1878.

the court said, "giving magistrates power to adjudicate on titles to land." The 31st section of the Act, 23rd, 24th, 25th, 26th, 27th, 28th, 29th, 30th, 31st, 32nd, 33rd, 34th, 35th, 36th, 37th, 38th, 39th, 40th, 41st, 42nd, 43rd, 44th, 45th, 46th, 47th, 48th, 49th, 50th, 51st, 52nd, 53rd, 54th, 55th, 56th, 57th, 58th, 59th, 60th, 61st, 62nd, 63rd, 64th, 65th, 66th, 67th, 68th, 69th, 70th, 71st, 72nd, 73rd, 74th, 75th, 76th, 77th, 78th, 79th, 80th, 81st, 82nd, 83rd, 84th, 85th, 86th, 87th, 88th, 89th, 90th, 91st, 92nd, 93rd, 94th, 95th, 96th, 97th, 98th, 99th, 100th, 101st, 102nd, 103rd, 104th, 105th, 106th, 107th, 108th, 109th, 110th, 111th, 112th, 113th, 114th, 115th, 116th, 117th, 118th, 119th, 120th, 121st, 122nd, 123rd, 124th, 125th, 126th, 127th, 128th, 129th, 130th, 131st, 132nd, 133rd, 134th, 135th, 136th, 137th, 138th, 139th, 140th, 141st, 142nd, 143rd, 144th, 145th, 146th, 147th, 148th, 149th, 150th, 151st, 152nd, 153rd, 154th, 155th, 156th, 157th, 158th, 159th, 160th, 161st, 162nd, 163rd, 164th, 165th, 166th, 167th, 168th, 169th, 170th, 171st, 172nd, 173rd, 174th, 175th, 176th, 177th, 178th, 179th, 180th, 181st, 182nd, 183rd, 184th, 185th, 186th, 187th, 188th, 189th, 190th, 191st, 192nd, 193rd, 194th, 195th, 196th, 197th, 198th, 199th, 200th, 201st, 202nd, 203rd, 204th, 205th, 206th, 207th, 208th, 209th, 210th, 211st, 212th, 213th, 214th, 215th, 216th, 217th, 218th, 219th, 220th, 221st, 222nd, 223rd, 224th, 225th, 226th, 227th, 228th, 229th, 230th, 231st, 232nd, 233rd, 234th, 235th, 236th, 237th, 238th, 239th, 240th, 241st, 242nd, 243rd, 244th, 245th, 246th, 247th, 248th, 249th, 250th, 251st, 252nd, 253rd, 254th, 255th, 256th, 257th, 258th, 259th, 260th, 261st, 262nd, 263rd, 264th, 265th, 266th, 267th, 268th, 269th, 270th, 271st, 272nd, 273rd, 274th, 275th, 276th, 277th, 278th, 279th, 280th, 281st, 282nd, 283rd, 284th, 285th, 286th, 287th, 288th, 289th, 290th, 291st, 292nd, 293rd, 294th, 295th, 296th, 297th, 298th, 299th, 300th, 301st, 302nd, 303rd, 304th, 305th, 306th, 307th, 308th, 309th, 310th, 311st, 312th, 313th, 314th, 315th, 316th, 317th, 318th, 319th, 320th, 321st, 322nd, 323rd, 324th, 325th, 326th, 327th, 328th, 329th, 330th, 331st, 332nd, 333rd, 334th, 335th, 336th, 337th, 338th, 339th, 340th, 341st, 342nd, 343rd, 344th, 345th, 346th, 347th, 348th, 349th, 350th, 351st, 352nd, 353rd, 354th, 355th, 356th, 357th, 358th, 359th, 360th, 361st, 362nd, 363rd, 364th, 365th, 366th, 367th, 368th, 369th, 370th, 371st, 372nd, 373rd, 374th, 375th, 376th, 377th, 378th, 379th, 380th, 381st, 382nd, 383rd, 384th, 385th, 386th, 387th, 388th, 389th, 390th, 391st, 392nd, 393rd, 394th, 395th, 396th, 397th, 398th, 399th, 400th, 401st, 402nd, 403rd, 404th, 405th, 406th, 407th, 408th, 409th, 410th, 411st, 412th, 413th, 414th, 415th, 416th, 417th, 418th, 419th, 420th, 421st, 422nd, 423rd, 424th, 425th, 426th, 427th, 428th, 429th, 430th, 431st, 432nd, 433rd, 434th, 435th, 436th, 437th, 438th, 439th, 440th, 441st, 442nd, 443rd, 444th, 445th, 446th, 447th, 448th, 449th, 450th, 451st, 452nd, 453rd, 454th, 455th, 456th, 457th, 458th, 459th, 460th, 461st, 462nd, 463rd, 464th, 465th, 466th, 467th, 468th, 469th, 470th, 471st, 472nd, 473rd, 474th, 475th, 476th, 477th, 478th, 479th, 480th, 481st, 482nd, 483rd, 484th, 485th, 486th, 487th, 488th, 489th, 490th, 491st, 492nd, 493rd, 494th, 495th, 496th, 497th, 498th, 499th, 500th, 501st, 502nd, 503rd, 504th, 505th, 506th, 507th, 508th, 509th, 510th, 511st, 512th, 513th, 514th, 515th, 516th, 517th, 518th, 519th, 520th, 521st, 522nd, 523rd, 524th, 525th, 526th, 527th, 528th, 529th, 530th, 531st, 532nd, 533rd, 534th, 535th, 536th, 537th, 538th, 539th, 540th, 541st, 542nd, 543rd, 544th, 545th, 546th, 547th, 548th, 549th, 550th, 551st, 552nd, 553rd, 554th, 555th, 556th, 557th, 558th, 559th, 560th, 561st, 562nd, 563rd, 564th, 565th, 566th, 567th, 568th, 569th, 570th, 571st, 572nd, 573rd, 574th, 575th, 576th, 577th, 578th, 579th, 580th, 581st, 582nd, 583rd, 584th, 585th, 586th, 587th, 588th, 589th, 590th, 591st, 592nd, 593rd, 594th, 595th, 596th, 597th, 598th, 599th, 600th, 601st, 602nd, 603rd, 604th, 605th, 606th, 607th, 608th, 609th, 610th, 611st, 612th, 613th, 614th, 615th, 616th, 617th, 618th, 619th, 620th, 621st, 622nd, 623rd, 624th, 625th, 626th, 627th, 628th, 629th, 630th, 631st, 632nd, 633rd, 634th, 635th, 636th, 637th, 638th, 639th, 640th, 641st, 642nd, 643rd, 644th, 645th, 646th, 647th, 648th, 649th, 650th, 651st, 652nd, 653rd, 654th, 655th, 656th, 657th, 658th, 659th, 660th, 661st, 662nd, 663rd, 664th, 665th, 666th, 667th, 668th, 669th, 670th, 671st, 672nd, 673rd, 674th, 675th, 676th, 677th, 678th, 679th, 680th, 681st, 682nd, 683rd, 684th, 685th, 686th, 687th, 688th, 689th, 690th, 691st, 692nd, 693rd, 694th, 695th, 696th, 697th, 698th, 699th, 700th, 701st, 702nd, 703rd, 704th, 705th, 706th, 707th, 708th, 709th, 710th, 711st, 712th, 71

Mr. CHARLES CAMPBELL regretted that the power of impounding should be possessed by those who had not benefited in their land. A great deal of evil might have been done if it had been given to the tenant. When it was made, he thought it should have been made for the impounding stray entire horses and bulls. There he could have agreed with the provision in the sixth clause of the bill, that if a bull or horse was found going to pasture running loose, the owner should be liable for the cost of impounding any entire horses and bulls about all the roads, and to keep them from heifers. This was the principal cause of the deterioration of cattle in this country. If, then, impounding had been prevented until owners had

of these entire animal, seeing that they did no larger amount of damage. He could not see with what possible reason it should be proposed to allow a person who kept an animal to be liable for the damage done by it, if the property to be exempted from damage. Therefore, the only feature in the bill which, under different circumstances would induce him to favour it, was one which, when he considered the general case, he thought would be of great service to the cattle-owners, imposing a penalty for leaving open gates or slip-penals, or making pens for fens, or for driving gentlemen, before bringing in a bill of this kind, to give the cattle-owners a right to sue for the damage done by law. If they were permitted to pass bills of this kind, the vast deal of mischief would be done, were it only by promoting litigation.

MR. DE SALIS had read the bill and had talked over it with Mr. HADFIELD, who thought might be of great use. He did not think it was intended to confer any authority on magistrates to investigate titles to land, but just to enforce the law. In that respect it gave no further powers to the law.

[illegible][illegible]

Mr. FOSTER said he also should be sorry if the bill did not go to the second reading. One clause in particular, the sixth, he objected to. But it appeared to him that the bill was intended to deal with the problem necessarily on several grounds. It was calculated to do much good, and some of the evils anticipated from it he thought were groundless. He certainly heard with surprise that the bill would require the government to investigate titles to land. That could not be done unless there was some power to investigate titles to land. This being a penal statute for the summary exercise of the jurisdiction of justice, it was necessary to have some power to investigate the justification. It was held that even in the Supreme Court, in any action for penalty, they would not allow a question of title to land to be gone into. There was no

any question to the contrary" the title to land might come from the Government; and if the magistrates were so expressly authorized to deal with titles to land, of course they might deal with the same titles in the hands of individuals. In the bill now before the Court there was no provision that would enable magistrates to investigate titles to land, and if such a question arose, their jurisdiction would be at an end. The bill, then, was no bill at all, and the Government were not entitled to insist on that objection, he considered an improvement upon the present law. Under the old Act, if a man impounded cattle, the magistrates could determine whether the man damaged or not, but they could not prevent Act they could not do this. It was, however, remedied in the bill before the House, which provided that if the magistrates stated the amounts of damages claimed, or that the impounding was not necessary, the owner might sue for the principal Act, that question should be decided summarily if the question of title to land was not brought up. It was oppressive upon people generally that they should

In matters which could fairly be decided by justice in Petty Sessions. With regard to the damage laid on entire hares and bulls, he thought this would be better left to a jury, who would know whether or how he brought to the pound, and the owner said "Why, you haven't a beast of your own in the world, man; yet you charge me £5 because this is an entire animal!" The magistrate told him that if he had a cow or a horse, he was entitled to charge that amount, and there was no question as to damages. The Act said "not exceeding £5"; that was whatever it came up to that amount or not more than that. He told him that he might have been liable to the magistrates. Under these circumstances great wrong was frequently done. In the present state of the law it did not matter whether the land was fenced in or not, nor did he think it ought to make any difference as to entire animals. The third clause dealt with regard to the enabling the party who felt aggrieved to appeal to the justices on any matter not involving a question of fact, such as a case of trespass or a question of the right of a cattle dealer to sell a cow.

would be frustrated if that clause were passed. Quite as much damage could be done on unfenced land as on fenced land. But the penalty should not be exacted by a person who would be liable for the same damage if the clause provided for the punishment of offences under the Impounding Act, which would not be exempt for access to this clause, for though they were forbidden in that Act, they were not forbidden in this clause. The gates and slip-pens, that was to some extent provided for under the present law, and an offender was liable to a penalty not exceeding £10. The ninth clause seemed to be valuable inasmuch as it provided that the pounder should be the proprietor of the circumstances connected with the impounding. The present law required that the pounder should make an entry, but not that the person impounding should make an entry. The clause provided for the publication of the notice. It was very important for the purposes of this Act that at the time the animal was impounded there should be some record binding upon the person by giving notice to the pounder, and that the pounder should be responsible, and not the person who was to take the animal to the pound, could not be.

would prevent many harsh and some illegal practices. The dogs in the pound should be made much by the overmen. If they would have to find a particular spot as easily as they could, and after that they could not turn round and say that they were somewhere else. Mr. C. C. Carrington said that he had been at the meeting on the particular day, and he believed that was the practice at present. Then, with regard to animals being on their way to the pound, he recalled that nothing in the existing law allowing a person to accept a dog was intended to prevent a person from doing so to the advantage to the owner on account of having intended to give the money. The proviso to the clause in this bill giving the privilege was intended to move the dog to the pound, and if a person could not find a particular animal out of a number of others with which it was accustomed to run, and so breaking up the mob which would never be driven to the pound after one of the number was taken, it would be a great advantage to the owner. The object of proceeding in summary cases, but he did not see the

account justify it. He did not think he would uphold imprisonment in the way it was proposed in this section for consideration, but he would support it if it was amended so that consideration, the bill appeared to him to contain some useful provisions, and he would be prepared to vote for the amendment on reading.

Sir ALFRED STEPHENS was of opinion that this was a very important matter, and that the House should, at all events, allow it to pass its second reading. When that stage was reached he would be prepared to support the bill, but he would not support the bill if it were amended so as to allow the clause objected to to be carried. He would not support the bill if it were amended so as to allow the clause objected to to be carried. He would not support the bill if it were amended so as to allow the clause objected to to be carried.

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THE SYDNEY MORNING HERALD, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 11, 1878

[illegible][illegible]



BERLIN, Aug. 15

which has gone through the same variations as property; and now it is proposed, by means of wide facilities for extension, to reduce the collection of taxes to almost pre-historic times. And no wonder that women are almost not with us in our social reforms! The common-sense which is so loud and so aggressive has nothing to do with the matter. It is the passion which is at work with the material question alone, and thus it is a kind of socialism, that ought to be philosophical, religious, and political. It is not the passion of least interest, which is the passion between town and country, and especially between our rural population and Paris, the great city, which is the mother and the martyr of progress. There, in some of the most beautiful and fertile of our lands, the representatives of nations will come together to celebrate the final end of the world.

It is quite possible that the rumours about the political strength of the so-called National party in the United States has been exaggerated, but it is evident that these working men's association is taking up ideas and proposing actions which the French Working Men's Congress have outgrown and abandoned. Here in England the political leaders are not so much the engineers in the broad harvests of the world, and if we can learn from any experience but our own we think that these French essays and discussions should carry weight with all of us.

### SUFFOCATION IN A COAL MINE

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

NEWCASTLE, OCT. 9.

Late on Tuesday evening information reached Newcastle that a melancholy rumour had taken place at the Lambton Colliery, five miles from Newcastle, in which the death of the manager of that colliery, Mr. Thomas Martin Seymour, and an overman employed at the same mine, named Robert Brown, who had both perished by suffocation in one of the shafts of the mine from foul air. The greatest excitement prevailed on receipt of the intelligence, particularly in the town of W. W. Pearce, arrived to-day, and commenced an inquiry into the circumstances of the case. Mr. Maclean, Government Engineer of Coal-fields, was present. From the evidence adduced, it seems that the locality where this unfortunate event took place, the shaft, three descenders from the surface, was a shaft that has been lately bottomed at a depth of about 230 feet. About three weeks ago, the coal-miners working in the drive near the bottom of the shaft found frequent occurrences of gas in the shaft, and the bad quality of the air was such that the deceased Mr. Seymour, of the bad quality of the air in this part of the mine, in consequence of which a boy was killed, and the manager, Mr. Seymour, was obliged to stop work, and considerably improved the ventilation. Finding the work too much for a boy to perform, however, and not wishing to put the company to the expense of a shaft, the manager determined to start a furnace in the shaft for the purpose of drawing the current through; and on Saturday last the furnace was started, and the shaft was again worked. On Monday the men below were compelled to cease working. On Tuesday morning a young man named Arthur Burnley was sent down to draw the furnace, but three descenders of 10 feet signalled to be hauled up again, as he could not stand the air, and reached the surface very ill from the effects of the gas. He was immediately attended and remained about a little while, but had to be taken home, and he is being very foul. In the afternoon, about 6 o'clock, Mr. Seymour determined on making another shaft, and the work was commenced. The manager, however, and in company with the deceased Robert Brown and the engineer, Mr. Short, was lowered to the bottom in the shaft, and the work was commenced. They found the shaft strength gradually leaving them. With a good effort Mr. Seymour succeeded in getting into the bucket, Brown succumbed a short distance away from it, and Mr. Seymour was unable to get up. He was immediately attended and remained about a little while, but had to be taken home, and he is being very foul. 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## 7

world are at present turned anxiously

France has gone through the same variations as property ; and now it is proposed, by means of wide facilities for the sale of the land, to make the land the property of almost every one in the country. And no wonder that women are not so much in vogue as men, and that we do not get on so well with us in our social reforms ! The communism which is so loud and so aggressive has nothing to do with the material question alone, and thus is a lance aimed at the very heart of the matter. There is a kind of socialism, that ought to be philosophical, religious and political, as well as social. Let us maintain connection with the relations between town and country, and especially between our rural population and Paris, the great city, which is the mother and the martyr of progress. There is socialism, which we cannot see, in some regenerate society which we can as yet only dimly forebush, the representatives of nations will come together to celebrate the final end of man."

It is quite possible that the rumours about the political strength of the so-called National party in the United States has been exaggerated, but it is evident that this working men's association is taking up ideas and proposing actions which the French Working Men's Congress have previously abandoned. Here in England we are the heirs of all the ages, and we have the sciences in the broad harvest of the world, and it we can learn from any experience but our own we think that these French essays and discussions should carry weight with all of us.

**SUFFOCATION IN A COAL MINE.**

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

NEWCASTLE, Oct. 9.

Late on Tuesday evening information reached Newcastle that a melancholy occurrence had taken place at the Colliery, about five miles from Newcastle, resulting in the death of the manager of that colliery, Mr. Thomas Martin Seymour, and an overman employed at the same mine, named Robert Brown, who had both perished by suffocation in one of the shafts of the Colliery. The cause of the catastrophe was presently ascribed to the want of intelligence in particular in the mining districts, near where the sad event had taken place.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS)

NEWCASTLE, Oct. 9

"A second cause of distress is the curfew of consumers, who, in the evening, are obliged to leave their dwellings, while factories are paralyzed. Habits, dress, occupations, amusements, ornaments, are flung aside or deposited in the warehouses, and the consumer is obliged to wait until the morning, when he must be constantly changed with a fevered vehemence, if a house is to be peopled (as the speaker knew to his cost) with a mass of nervous, irritable, and often ill-natured, impatient, and dissatisfied customers, and then it must be completed in a scurrying day or night by overwork the other half. Do I say that the State should interpose to preserve the consumer from the vexation of waiting? No, the State and the consumers are to blame in the sight of the moral law—the first for their vulgar servility to their customers, the second for their want of foresight in not providing for the future in order to have a right to that opinion we must produce what we preach, and show no caprice to those who are the cause of our distress. Let us begin by enlightening ourselves off, that we may supply our own. No, our opinion is not to make a change in the persons who possess property, but in the sense of duty under which they shall be placed. Let us begin by producing a more intelligent and moral set of day-to-day the rich of to-morrow without elevating the poor in which riches are to be used. We accept the generalization of the speaker, but not his conclusion, and we conclude claim. "Piercy Laiffite has said, 'To produce seriously that we may consume intentionally and intelligently, we must first make the material of our human life, and the representation of Socialism in the United States tell us that the one object of human society is to make individual consumption the utmost possible. So all the means of production must be put into the hands of the State to constant disturbance the relations between consumers and producers. . . . The sole remedy lies in improved tools of production, and in the State to create. We must insist on moral and social considerations being heard in the management of capital. . . . After all our efforts, there will be a surplus of production, and we must have a means to dispose of it. We must let the State create a system of insurance, let us provide by insurance funds; and though we may only ask of the State the freedom of meeting and discussing, we think public authorities and municipalities can do much to relieve the people of distress, and to a wise distribution of public works."

Contrast this moderate and reasonable demand with that of the American National party, or the working men's party in all the Australian colonies, for the sake of making that contrast plain. They demand that the rate of wages be raised, that the rate of interest be lowered, that many things are done by the State, and that the revenues here which are left to municipal and county committees, and to private enterprise and joint stock companies in England, that the State becomes the greatest employer, and, under methodous advice, is constantly increasing its expenditure, to the point of being overburdened with expenses. This is the main point of view of the National party under democratic institutions, and true progress lies in limiting the sphere of Government action instead of daily extending it. To return to our intelligent house painter, on woman's work.

"As to the work of woman, let us ameliorate it if possible, but let us not attempt to do away with it, and hope that we may leave factory work altogether. Let us have a more complete—that of directing education and managing the home. After all, our future in the main lies with the woman. Let us have a more intelligent and more virtuous; let us freely labour at those practical institutions which may improve our material condition, in order that we may be able to do more of the things which we ought to do by day when industry shall begin her peaceful reign."

The young house painter resumed his seat.

(From the Times.)

(From the Times.)

ness, and to private enterprise and joint stock companies in England, that the State becomes the greatest enemy of the people, and that the State, by its interference, is constantly compelling to unwise expenditures to support its own extravagancies. This is the weak point in Government by authority under democratic institutions, and true progress lies in limiting the sphere of Government action instead of fully extending it. To return to our intelligent house painter, on woman's work.

"As to the work of woman, let us annihilate it if possible. Let us abolish the distribution, and leave that which we may leave factory work altogether, and assume her part—that of directing education and managing the household. Let us make the main line of woman's activities: let us give a civic education to our daughters; let us freely labour at those practical institutions which may improve our material condition, in order that we may have the leisure to devote to the education of our children the day when industry shall begin her peaceful reign."

And the young house painter resumed his seat.

*Century of Augsburg* publishes the following communication from Mr. Arminius Vambéry :—The persistent reports

[illegible]



~~SECRET~~

**WILLIAM INGLIS** has received instructions from Mr. John Phillips to sell by auction, at the above place, **THURSDAY, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 11th, 12th, 13th,** the best and most superior horses and carriages from **CLIFF'S** celebrated brood stock, 3 very large cream carriage horses, and one extra pair of ponies.

The whole are in excellent condition, and are described as one of the best lot that ever left **Maitland.**

**Handsome Cream-colored Pony and Bay Hagg Horn.**

**MARLING and FRASER** will sell by auction, at the above place, **THURSDAY, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 11th, 12th, 13th,** the best and most superior horses and carriages from **CLIFF'S** celebrated brood stock, 3 very large cream carriage horses, and one extra pair of ponies.

The whole are in excellent condition, and are described as one of the best lot that ever left **Maitland.**

**Handsome Cream-colored Pony and Bay Hagg Horn.**

Day Goiding, 9 years, thoroughly quiet in harness, a fast  
3 first-class new spring-race, available, wagonmaster and  
harness  
**HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN** have been in-  
structed by Messrs. M'Kenna, Brothers, to sell by auction  
at the Yards, Hombush, on MONDAY, 16th October, at 11  
o'clock:  
500 prime and weighty fat weathers.  
**HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN** have been in-  
structed by Messrs. M'Kenna, Brothers, to sell by auction  
at the Yards, Hombush, on MONDAY, 16th October, at  
11 o'clock:  
50 prime and weighty fat bullocks  
500 ditto fat weathers.  
**HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN** have been in-

directed by J. Mooney, Esq., to sell by auction, at  
 Homebush, on MONDAY, 14th October, at 11 o'clock,  
 17 acres of prime fat outside.  
 M'ADEN, HILL, and CLARK have received in-  
 structions from A. H. McCallum, Esq., to sell by auction,  
 at Homebush, on MONDAY, 14th October, at 11  
 o'clock, 1500 prime fat wools, from Colman, trucked from Wal-  
 ley.  
 BRUNKER, WOLFE, and BADGERY have received  
 instructions to sell by auction, at Homebush, on MONDAY,  
 14th October, 1879, at 11 o'clock,  
 On account of S. Emanuel, Esq.,  
 50 head of prime fat wools.  
 On account of Messrs. Badgery, Brothers,  
 50 head of prime fat wools.  
 CURRIE and S. WEAVER have received in-

from Mr. Edward White to sell by auction, at  
on MONDAY, 14th inst., at 1 o'clock,  
the prime pastured beef bullocks, grey  
Butchers, Butechers. Butchers.

**W** FULLAGAR and SON have received instructions  
from B. R. Harbord, Esq., to sell, at Homestead, on MON-  
DAY, October 14, at 11 o'clock,  
the following:-  
Terns, each.

**W** WELLS and SMITH will sell by auction, at Darling  
Harbour, EVERY DAY, at 10 o'clock, Wood, as  
follows:-  
WELLS and SMITH will sell by auction, at Darling  
Harbour, THIS DAY, at 10 o'clock, the following:-  
Hay, straw, mallee, cane, potatoes, pumpkins,  
and all other household goods.

**PRODUCE SALE.**

**ELLIS and CO.** will sell by auction, at **Darting Harbour** **THIS DAY**, at 5 o'clock,

Hay, straw, lucerne, malva, potatoes, &c.

At Yards, at half-past 12 o'clock,

Fat calves, lambs, pigs, suckers, dead pigs, and poultry, in every description.

At half-past 12 o'clock,

Roll and keg butter, butter, eggs, honey, lard, &c.

At 4 o'clock,

Hides, wool, sheepskins, brufs, &c.

**HALL, PRINCE, and CO.** will sell by auction, at **Darting Harbour**, **THIS DAY**, at 4, 5 Hay, straw, &c. lucerne, potatoes, and colonial produce.

**LANDINGS.**—**ELLIS and CO.** will sell by auction, at **Darting Harbour**, **THIS DAY**, at 5 o'clock,

Hay, straw, lucerne, malva, potatoes, &c.

At Yards, at half-past 12 o'clock,

Fat calves, lambs, pigs, suckers, dead pigs, and poultry, in every description.

At half-past 12 o'clock,

Roll and keg butter, butter, eggs, honey, lard, &c.

At 4 o'clock,

Hides, wool, sheepskins, brufs, &c.

**HALL, PRINCE, and CO.** will sell by auction, at **Darting Harbour**, **THIS DAY**, at 4, 5 Hay, straw, &c. lucerne, potatoes, and colonial produce.

**G**...  
Daring hardware; THIS DAY, at 9,  
Hill and straw, by the truck  
Other produce in lots.

**PARKER AND CO.** will sell by auction, at their yards,  
7th, George-street (near of Square and Cornhill) on  
THIS DAY, 11th October, at 10 o'clock,  
Foultry and pigs.  
At 12 o'clock,  
Cases oranges, potatoes, and farm produce.  
At 2 o'clock,  
An assortment of groceries, tea, crockery, holloware, tin-  
monware, &c., &c.

**NO RESERVE.**

**WELLS AND SMITH** will sell by auction, at the  
Yards, 875, George-street, THIS DAY, at half-past 4  
o'clock,

Dried pigs  
Calves, cows, fat pigs, etc.  
160 coops poultry of all kinds  
At 11 o'clock  
Butter, cheese, hams, pigs' heads  
Honey, jama, conservatories, etc.  
At 2 o'clock  
110 cases oranges and lemons  
40 bags Barbours' potato

**EASTERN CREEK, near BOOTH-BILL STATION.**

**CLEARING-OUT SALE.**  
The Proprietor Leaving the District.

**WELLS and SMITH** have received instructions from  
Mr. T. B. Anna, *Barbours County, Eastern Creek, to sell*  
by auction, on TUESDAY next, the 10th inst.,

The whole of his valuable dairy stock, consisting of  
 100 milking cows with calves  
 60 dozen springing, veal, and heifers  
 60 dozen mixed cattle  
 25 dozen saddle horses  
 Dairy utensils  
 Farming implements  
 Harness, &c.  
 Poultry and pigs  
 Household furniture and effects  
 Empty stables and feed coops  
 Lease of house and farm.  
 Lunches provided. No room  
 terms, cash.

**GRAHAM COULTER** will sell by auction, at the Cen-  
 tral Auction Yards, FIVE TONS of 11.60s - 75s and others  
 of **GRAHAM COULTER** there will be several other lots.

**SEWATH, at 8.—Prime lots potatoes.**  
**GEORGE PROCTER** will sell by auction, **THURSDAY, at Darling Harbour, at 9 o'clock.**  
 Hay, straw, lucerne, corn, oats  
 Potatoes, pumpkins, &c.  
**At Sydney Freehold Mart, 701, George-street, at 12 o'clock.**  
 Prime fat calves, fat pigs, sows  
 160 pairs prime Barbours and other turkeys  
 Geese, fowls, ducks, pigeons, birds, rabbits  
 Cows, horses, sheep, potatoes, &c.  
**At 9 o'clock.**  
**Daily produce.**  
 55 cases roll butter, 55 kegs butter  
 160 dozen superior Camden and Menangle eggs  
 25 dozen superior branda chow  
 60 dozen corn meal, beans, lard  
 Flour, wax, hair, hides, tallow, &c.

**DENT** and **HOSKIN** will sell by auction, **THIS DAY**, the, sports-car, horse, and sundries.  
**DENT** and **Hoskin** will sell **THIS DAY**, at Darling Harbour, 10 o'clock, Hay, at 10 o'clock, every day.  
**WINDALE** will sell, **THIS DAY**, at Darling Harbour, at 9 o'clock, Hay, at 10 o'clock, every day.  
**SAYERS** and **Co.** will sell at Darling Harbour, **THU** **DAY**, at 9 o'clock, Hay, at 10 o'clock, every day.  
**WEEKLY PRODUCE SALE.**  
 Railway Auction Mart, 734, George-street.  
**WILLIAM INGLIS** will sell by auction, **THURSDAY**

**VV** Calves, lambs, pigs, ducks  
at 12 o'clock.  
At half-past 11 o'clock,  
80 cows plenty of all kinds.  
At half-past 1 o'clock,  
The usual weekly supply of dairy produce, consisting of red  
butter, hog butter, cheese, &c., the best stores in the  
Southern districts; superior some-foot bacon and hams, in  
cases fresh eggs, lard, tallow, &c., &c.

Weekly Produce Sale

**MAIDEN, HILL, AND CLARK** will sell by auction  
at their Produce Rooms, Circular Quay, THIS DAY,  
Friday, at half-past 10 o'clock,  
Hides, including:  
  
Casks follow.  
At half-past 2,

**Auctioneer.**

And at 5 o'clock,  
Mash, herbs, butter, tobacco, &c.  
**TOBACCO LEAF, TOBACCO LEAF.**  
**M**ORT and CO. will sell by public auction, at their  
Produce Store, Circular Quay, THIS DAY, Friday, at  
2 p.m.,  
Bale tobacco leaf.  
Terms, cash.  
Weekly Produce Sale.  
**M**ORT and CO. will sell by public auction, at their  
Produce Store, Circular Quay, THIS DAY, Friday, at  
half-past 10 o'clock,  
Hides, kaurihide  
Kangaroo and wallaby skins.

Coats tallow. At half-past 2 o'clock,  
Horns, bones, hair, and boxwood.  
Terms, cash.

**JOHN BRIDGE** will sell by auction, at his Produce  
Store, 715 D. ST., at 12.30, Hides and at 2.30, Tallow.

**E. L. HANKE** will sell by auction, at his Produce Store  
at 12.30, Hides, and at 2.30, Tallow.

Weekly Produce Sale.

**HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN** will sell by  
auction, at their Produce Store, Circular Quay, 7th D. ST.,  
Friday, October 11, at half-past 3 o'clock,  
Hides, exclusive, hair, horns, and bones, &c.  
At half-past 5 o'clock,  
Coats, &c.

THIS DAY, 11th October, at 12 o'clock,  
on the premises, No. 10, Great Brunswick Street, Dublin,  
To Hotelkeepers and Private Buyers.

LEASE, LIQUORS, GOODWILL, AND BEE FLEXURES in one lot, and the  
superior Household Furniture appertaining, comprising Rugs,  
Sofas, Pier Glass, Chiffoniers, Bedsteads, Dressing Room  
Chairs, Ornaments, Pictures, Glassware, single and double  
Iron Bedsteads and Mattresses, Bed Room Glasses, Toilet Vases,  
Washstand and Seta, and Kitchen Furniture.

JOSEPH and Co. have received instructions from Mr.  
E. Kinn, sen., to sell by public auction, on the premises,  
No. 10, Great Brunswick Street, Dublin, at 12 o'clock, on  
Wednesday, the 11th inst., the above property.

ing, without reserve. Terms, cash.  
New and Second-Hand Clothing, Shoes, Hosiery, Gold and  
Silver Watches, Jewellery, &c.  
**ALEXANDER MOORE AND CO.** will sell by public  
auction, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, at the Mart, Piccadilly,  
The above.







